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STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME FIFTEEN STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, OCT. 1 1, 1934 Whole No.

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Stony Plain Hardware.

A Call to National Service.

The Prime Minister in his radio address from London referred most appropriately to the success that attended the gigantic Conversion Loan which was floated by the British Government in 1932. The British people converted the enormous sum of more than nine billion dollars of War Loan Bonds. Not only did they convert their holdings and enable the country to save millions of pounds a year in debt service charges, but they did it with a promptitude and an enthusiasm which commanded respect and admiration throughout the world.

It is significant that the success of the British Conversion Loan, and the reduction in interest rates which came with it, coincided with the beginning of the economic recovery which the Mother Country has enjoyed during the last two years.

Great Britain's example restored courage and renewed hope amongst all nations. We in Canada have been very successful in previos Conversion Loan campaigns. Had these Loans not been a success our business recovery from the low point in February, 1933, would undoubtedly have been retarded. The Prime Minister pointed out that apart from the fact that there is no better investment for Canadians than Dominion of Canada Bonds, holders of Victory Bonds who convert them, as well as new investors, will render a national service at this time.

The worthy position that our character and financial integrity have gained for us in the eyes of the world will be maintained by a prompt and enthusiastic response to the present Refunding Loan campaign. We must duplicate in Canada the magnificent achievement. We can. We will.

Chicken Feast, October 23.

A gastronomic treat is in store for residents of this district and Spruce Grove district, when the big chicken supper is served in Kelly's Hall on the evening of Tuesday, Oct. 23. The affair is being held under the auspices of the members of St Joseph's congregation, Spruce Grove, and the St Philip's church, in Stony. Those who have attended one of these affairs will need no second invitation. A bazaar and sale of goods will be held in connection with the supper.

The "Tough" Grain Season.

As is well known, the grain growers' nightmare is a rainy weather threshing time. Numerous efforts have always been made to avoid this, if possible. After several years which have seen fairly good threshing spells, the 1934 season has been full of trials and tribulations to those wishing to garner their crops.

In a quandary, for a time, as to the best course to pursue, some have taken the bull by the horns and have been threshing merrily away, without regard to what the Elevatorman's moisture tester says when the grain is drawn in They know if the tester shows a larger figure than 14-point-five that they are in for a few cents dock per bushel. But, then, as some of the grain-raisers argue—better tough grain than no grain at all. And, at that, at one time quite recently it looked as if our Indian Summer had skipped a cog, and that we were in for a repetition of the 1919-20 season, when numerous Alberta grain fields were decorated with ice-covered stooks 'way along into the following Spring.

Ph. Trautman's Auction Sale.

Posters are out announcing the clearance auction sale on the farm of Mr Philip Trautman, of Comet district. The sale is to take place on ——— day, October ☐. Auctioneer Zucht will have charge of the sale, and as this is one of the first sales of the season, no doubt a goodly number of farmers will be in attendance.

Railway Stopovers.

A change in conditions under which the railways will sell local thirty day round-trip tickets will, in future, allow stopovers enroute. Previously, a passenger buying a ticket with a thirty day limit, for example, th Winnipeg, was required to use ticket for continuous passage to and from Winnipeg only. After October 1st a similar ticket without further cost or arrangement, will permit the passenger to stop at every point, going or returning, between the starting point and destination, within limit.

What Every Thresher Knows

A meteorologist states that dark rain clouds, hidden behind the horizon, are waiting to come up, even on the most brilliantly clear and sunny day. And the Alliance Times remarks that any man who ever owned a threshing outfit of course knows that.

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THE HOUSE OF QUALITY.
GET YOUR WINTER SUPPLIES NOW!
WOMEN'S JUMBO KNIT SWEATER COATS, all wool, heavy weight, 2 handy pockets; colors, scarlet, beige, white; 36 to 44. Each $2.95.
GIRLS' ALL-WOOL SWEATERS, rich and lovely; Colors, Scarlet, Beige and White. Sizes 24 ro 32. Each $2.25.
RIBBED HOSE for CHILDREN, of excellent quality; True Ribbed and means longer wear and better fit; sizes 5 to 9. Three Pairs for $1.
SWEATERS for BOYS—Jumbo knit; shawl collar stple, 2 pockets; black or with colored facing; sizes 26 to 32. Each $2.25
M TTS—Alaska Horse Mitts are built to stand the bumps; pliable and durable. Per pair 85c.
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Get It at HARDWICK'S.
AGENTS ALBERTA DAIRY POOL.

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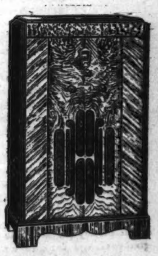
Uses only 2 "B" Batteries and 2-volt "A."
No "C" Battery required.
List $84.50.



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Beef, Pork, Veal and Lamb. Fish & Poultry of all kinds.
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SPECIAL PRICES on THRESHERS' SUPPLIES
FOR DELIVERY, PHONE 33.
H. B. BJORK, - PROPRIETOR.

The Leader for Over Forty Years

"SALADA" TEA

"Fresh from the Gardens"

The Forty-Ninth Parallel

An interesting and thought-provoking editorial article appeared recently in a popular magazine which circulates extensively throughout Canada and the United States. Its subject was the forty-ninth parallel across the world. The people of the North American continent regard it as an imaginary line which marks the boundary between the United States and Canada, but, says this magazine editor, the wise ones of the earth regard it as something more than a hair line on the earth's globe. It is, he says, the world's line of destiny.

Elaborating his theme he first directs attention to the fact that in America this invisible international boundary line is a line of peace. No frowning fortifications dot its length; no jealousies are pent up along its borders; no racial hatreds batter its boundaries. For more than one hundred years it has been a line of peace, a magnificent contradiction of the Old World's barbaric philosophy that two neighboring countries cannot long exist without strife.

But tracing the course of the forty-ninth parallel around the globe, he finds that the symbol of peace in North America becomes the blood-drenched line of strife throughout Europe and Asia, cleaving through the very heart of the world's worst trouble zones. He continues:

"The 'line of peace', upon spanning the Pacific, marks the frontier of Asias' powder magazine—the northern boundary of Manchukuo. On one side the armies of the Soviet maintain their well armed vigil. On the other Japan bides her time in the puppet state that typifies her first triumphant toe-hold on the mainland of Asia.

"Travel with the 'line of peace' across the flux and change of the new Red Russia and note its sinister significance as it pierces the inner core of European turmoil. It traverses the Polish Corridor, constant source of statesmen's uneasy slumber; flanks Austria's troubled boundaries; bisects a re-armed Germany; skirts the fringe of France at the most jealous point of national pride, historic Alsace-Lorraine; tops the rims of armored steel that mark Belgium's sullen frontiers; then wings the Atlantic for its more pacific mission on this continent."

And he asks why should this 'line of peace' assume such a devilish perversity in its travel round the globe, and finds the answer in the character of the nations it touches rather than in the nature of the line itself.

All of which is true. In North America the two adjoining nations are peopled by those who speak a common language and who, although there has come a great intermingling of many races, still trace their main descent to one racial source and have proved their ability to, in large measure, assimilate those newcomers of many races and all have largely forgotten, or dropped, the old animosities, suspicions, jealousies and hatreds of by-gone centuries which are nourished and kept alive in the countries of the Old World.

America is fortunate in this, and stands as an object lesson to all other lands. This being so, have we been as good neighbors as we ought to have been; have we taken full advantage of and reaped all the benefits that should have been ours as a result of our preferred position? True, we have kept the peace in a physical sense in that we have refrained from war, and the insensate folly of building up huge armaments one against the other on the false assumption that only through such so-called "preparedness" can peace be maintained.

But the forty-ninth parallel across North America is not quite the imaginary line it might well have been to the advancement and benefit of people living on both sides of it. There are no forts, but there are all too many legislative barriers imposed along its entire length by both countries, barriers on the one side being duplicated by similar barriers on the other side.

We build our roads on both sides to meet and merge at the boundary line; we construct our railways to the same gauge in order that trains may move without pause from one country to the other, without trans-shipment of passengers or goods; the ether waves flow uninterruptedly across the line carrying radio messages to and fro, and the same is true of the telegraph and telephone; our books and newspapers and magazins, our automobiles, cross and re-cross; our mails move without restraint or loss of time; our trades unions are international in their character; so, too, are our fraternal societies and service clubs; our sporting organizations vie with each other on common fields.

Being so favored, and having done so much to promote our common interests in so many ways, and having developed an international friendliness unknown elsewhere, and having utilized all that science and invention has bestowed in order to promote this fine and mutually advantageous intercourse, why have we proceeded to erect artificial barriers to check and stop the flow of trade which all these other agencies have been perfected to encourage and develop? The people of both countries are deemed to be highly intelligent; they are not inmates of lunatic asylums. Then why have they acted so absurdly as to hamper and cripple that which they have spent untold millions of money and energy to encourage?

There is only one answer, and that answer is to be found in the cupidity of men individually and collectively, on both sides of the "line of peace". Nature designed that the northern half of this great continent should be the complement of and to the southern half. The Maritime Provinces with their resources are the natural complement of the Atlantic seaboard States; Quebec and Ontario are the complement of the Central States; the Prairie Provinces are the complement of the middle western States right down to the gulf; British Columbia is the complement of the Pacific coast States. Yet puny man tries to defy Nature and, as a result, has made a sorry mess of things throughout the whole realm of trade and commerce, finance and economics.

The forty-ninth parallel across North America is a splendid object lesson to all nations except in this one respect. Let these two great peoples do the sensible thing and set another object lesson for and provide leadership to a world now suffering because of the wholesale destruction of international trade.

Few People Escape Attacks Of Summer Complaint

Summer Complaint may be slight, or it may be serious, but you can't tell when it seizes you how it may end. Allow the profuse diarrhoea, the vomiting and purging to continue, for a day or two, and you may become weak and prostrated.

Just as soon as you feel any looseness of the bowels go at once to your druggist and get a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and check this unnatural action before the weakening looseness can get started.

Don't experiment. Get "Dr. Fowler's". It has been on the market for 88 years.

Richest Street In World

Shops Of Curio Dealers In Delhi, India, Contain Many Treasures

What is the richest street in the world? Without taking into account the environs of the Stock Exchange and Wall Street, where unseen fortunes change hands, the little-known Chandni Chowk in Delhi has substantial claims. It has often been referred to as the richest street in Asia, and, unlike our own commercial thoroughfares, the greater part of its wealth is there for all to see. But many are the treasures which are hidden away in secret recesses of the shops of curio dealers and jewellers in that picturesque street. One of the dealers, the walls of whose establishment are covered with letters of appointment from Highnesses and Excellencies of all descriptions, has manufactured countless wonderful golden and jewelled embroideries for crowned heads and ruling princes. He was responsible for the historic peacock gown, costing no less than one thousand pounds, which the late Lady Curzon wore at the Durbar Ball, attended by four thousand guests in the Delhi Fort in 1908. Here also are all the richest of the embroidery merchants, whose cloths and cloaks, scintillating with costly ornaments, are not only intended for reigning princes, but for State elephants. Here, too, are the carvers of ivory, and the traveller can see them exhibiting their skill in evolving delicate figures and animals from solid blocks of ivory, sawn from elephants' tusks.

WAS CONSTIPATED FOR 30 YEARS

Woman's Long Search For a Remedy

The trouble with most remedies for constipation, as this woman found, is that they give only temporary relief. Having at last found a permanent corrective, she writes to tell us about it:—

"For upwards of 30 years I was a victim of acute constipation. I tried practically everything that it was possible to try. I admit I was a chronic case, and every new remedy I tried helped for a day or two—after that I was just as bad as ever. Three months ago I took my first taste of Kruschen Salts, and every morning since, and every morning so long as I live, my first duty upon rising is my Kruschen. I honestly feel a different woman. My bowels act to the clock, and my friends remark how well I am looking. My only regret is that I didn't try Kruschen years ago."—(Mrs.) A. M.

Kruschen Salts is Nature's recipe for maintaining a condition of internal cleanliness. The six salts in Kruschen stimulate your internal organs to smooth, regular action. Your system is thus kept clear of those impurities which, allowed to accumulate, lower the whole tone of the system.

Mistook Ducks For 'Plane

Phantom plane was sought at Hove, Essex, by hundreds of people who spent an all-night vigil looking for a mysterious 'plane that was supposed to have fallen into the sea at dusk. The "plane" was proved to have been a flight of ducks diving for fish.

MATURITY—MATERNITY MIDDLE AGE

At these three critical periods a woman needs a medicine she can depend on. That's why so many take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. 98 out of 100 say, "It helps me!" Let it help you, too.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

The Cross-Word Puzzle

The cross-word puzzle, which began before the jig-saw puzzle, seems destined to have a longer life. It is remarkable that it finds a place in such grave publications as the London Times, the Manchester Guardian, the New Statesman and Nation, the Spectator and the Observer.

A perfect bone needle, 25,000 years old, was discovered by Jean Cazedessus in excavating at Ganties, in the south of France.

W. N. U. 2067

A BATTERY RADIO with Electric-Set PERFORMANCE

Here is the great invention every unwired home has waited for! Real electric set performance—tone quality, distance, ease of operation—and no more recharging of batteries!

The Air-Cell Radio will do everything that the finest electric set will do. It has been brought about by the invention of a marvelous new source of power—the EVEREADY Air-Cell "A" Battery. This battery breathes air and re-energizes itself for at least 1000 hours, which at 3 hours a day is almost a year's service in the average household.

Do not confuse the new Air-Cell Radio with the old type battery sets—Air-Cell Radio is new from the ground up—now being built by every leading radio manufacturer specially for Air-Cell performance.

Ask your dealer to demonstrate. Your interest will be well repaid.

CANADIAN NATIONAL CARBON COMPANY LIMITED
Calgary Vancouver TORONTO Montreal Winnipeg

EVEREADY Radio Batteries

Might Outshine Sun

Scientists Tell Of Heat Contained In Arc Light Carbon

The hottest known thing on earth, we are told, is the burning carbon of an arc light. It is so hot that volcanic mist forms in the incandescent crater, a fog of pure carbon vapor.

Formerly this fog was thought to be liquid carbon, but a recent report to the American Chemical Society concludes that carbon does not pass through a liquid stage in turning from solid to gas, at least that it does not at atmospheric pressure.

This may be a reason why diamonds have been so impossible for man to make, says the report, for diamonds apparently are the products of a liquid form of carbon.

But, if diamonds cannot be produced from carbon, more heat and light can, it is hoped. Three Cleveland scientists who have been measuring the heat of the carbon arc declare that "under the right conditions, and with a little further chemical aid" arcs can be made to burn with an intrinsic brilliancy slightly greater than that of the sun.

This would be a novel achievement, indeed, the creation of an artificial light brighter than the sun! It sounds almost presumptuous.—Detroit Free Press.

Took Chance In Dark

Four Aviators Left 'Plane When Trouble Developed

"I just came down by parachute—where am I?" was the query a startled motorist got on the highway near Guildford, England, when he was stopped by an aviator waving a flashlight.

The airman was one of three officers who had bailed out of a bombing plane at a height of 2,000 feet in the darkness. He got into the car and they went to look for the others.

A hundred yards farther on the car was stopped by another flashlight. Then a third light was seen across a field. It was that of the pilot, who had bailed out when the machine, which apparently experienced engine trouble, was only 500 feet up.

None of the four was hurt.

Rubber mile posts that are pushed out of the way when struck by an automobile, and then rebound into position, have been installed along some German highways.

FALSE TEETH

Dr. WERNET'S POWDER

Sold the world over—Dr. Wernet's Powder—justly called "the perfect powder"—holds false plates firmer for hours longer. Leaves no sickening gummy paste—teeth fit so snugly yet comfortably they feel like natural ones. Prescribed by world's leading dentists—just sprinkle on. Inexpensive—any drugstore.

Although Africa contains the widest variety of wild animals in the world, no tigers have been found on the continent.

• STOMACH COMPLAINT •

Mrs. W. Benton of 445 Simcoe St., London, Ont., says: "Some years ago I used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery when I was run-down and awfully nervous, belched gas frequently and the gas would press up around my heart. The 'Discovery' toned up and strengthened my system so that I felt 100% better."

Write to Dr. Pierce's Clinic, Buffalo, N. Y., for free medical advice.

Germany contains more than 2,300 youth hostels. These hostels are provided as an overnight stopping place for young hikers.

YOUR LIVER'S MAKING YOU FEEL OUT OF SORTS

Wake up your Liver Bile

—No Calomel needed

When you feel blue, depressed, sour on the world, that's your liver which isn't pouring its daily two pounds of liquid bile into your bowels.

Digestion and elimination are being slowed up, food is accumulating and decaying inside you and making you feel wretched.

Mere bowel-movers like salts, oil, mineral water, laxative candy or chewing gum, or roughage, don't go far enough.

You need a liver stimulant. Carter's Little Liver Pills is the best one. Safe. Purely vegetable. Sure. Ask for them by name. Refuse substitutes. 25c, at all druggists. 52

A census of dead animals on roads of England has showed that dogs are the great "jay walkers".

EDWARDSBURG CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP

A pure, wholesome, and economical table Syrup. Children love its delicious flavor.

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED, MONTREAL

Review Of Drought Conditions Affords Appreciable Picture Of Situation In Various Countries

A review of the drought conditions of 1934, issued under date of August 15, 1934, by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, affords an appreciable picture of the situation in various countries, particularly in the United States, arising from the unusual scarcity of rainfall which has characterized the summer of this year.

The drought has been widespread throughout the northern hemisphere. The affected areas fall within a belt crossing Europe, Asia and North America which is about as wide as the distance from Northern Mexico to Central Manitoba. Damage to crops has been particularly heavy in the United States, Canada and in Central and Eastern Europe. In the southern hemisphere, parts of Australia and Argentina have been affected but to a less extent.

In the United States the main drought damage is in the shortage of feed, forage and pasture, necessitating heavy reduction in livestock numbers and reduced rations for the remaining animals. Crop prospects declined nearly 11 per cent. during July because of unfavourable growing conditions practically everywhere except along the Atlantic Coast, in the Eastern cotton belt and in the Pacific Northwest. The most serious loss was a decline of about 24 per cent., or 500,000,000 bushels, in corn prospects during this period and even the production of corn fodder was seriously reduced. The grain sorghum production will be less than 60 per cent. of average. The continued drought and excessive temperature prevailing over a wide area largely destroyed the emergency forage crops planted, burned pastures, prevented any second growth on hay meadows and stubble fields in many states and further reduced supplies of water for livestock. The worst conditions embrace much of Missouri, Arkansas, nearly all of the Dakotas, Nebraska, Kansas, and Oklahoma, much of Texas and the plains sections of New Mexico, Colorado and Wyoming. There was a further deterioration of range conditions during July in most of the Western States for which range conditions figures are obtained.

Judging from conditions as at August 15th, there will be available for livestock in the United States this year only about 65 per cent. of the usual amount of grain including corn, oats, barley and grain sorghums, and only about 68 per cent. of the usual quantity of hay. Because of the short pastures a considerable amount of the 1934 production of hay had already been consumed by August 15th. Probably not more than half the usual amount of straw has been stacked, but somewhat more than the usual quantity may be fed. For these reasons a rather drastic adjustment in the number of livestock will have to be made before fall and winter feeding begins.

Bread grain crops in Central Europe and the Danubian countries are substantially below the crops of 1932 and 1933. The same is true of feed grains with the exception of corn in the Danube basin, where a substantial exportable surplus is expected. Excepting Northern France, where wheat suffered from drought, and England, where pastures were seriously affected, most of the other parts of Europe have escaped serious damage. Detailed reports on crop conditions in the Soviet Union are not available but it appears that European Russian experienced an unusually dry spring and smaller than average crops are to be expected. In China the reduction in the rice crop because of drought is estimated to be at least 20 per cent. The Manchurian wheat crop is estimated at 30 per cent. below that of 1933 due mainly to excessive rainfall and floods during July. Several parts of the southern hemisphere have reported drought conditions in recent months affecting wheat seeding in areas of Argentine and Australia. The acreage reduction in Argentina due to drought may reach 350,000 acres or about 5 per cent., while in Australia the total wheat acreage reduction of 2,000,000 acres or more (around 15 to 20 per cent.) is in prospect. The acreage reduction in Australia is not altogether due to drought, but in part to a shift to sheep and wool.

The following references to Canadian crop production are from Canadian official sources and indicate the effect of the drought as experienced in Canada.

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics, in a bulletin issued September 11, estimates the total yield in bushels as follows: Spring wheat, 270,282,000 bushels; Fall wheat, 7,022,000; Oats, 344,746,000; Barley, 68,800,000; Rye, 6,523,000; Flaxseed, 1,096,000. Yields per acre of all grains are below average but are slightly higher than the revised estimates for last year.

The hay and clover crop is estimated at 9,884,000 tons, the lowest on record as compared with 11,433,000 tons in 1932 and an average yearly production of more than 16,000,000 for the four years 1926-1930. The fear was therefore well founded that Canada might be faced with a hay shortage, and the Order-in-Council of August 24th was accordingly passed requiring a license for all exports of hay and straw. A subsequent survey of hay supplies indicated some surplus in the Ottawa and St. Lawrence Valleys and to a less extent in a few other areas of Canada, but a shortage in other areas which in many instances is acute.

The Order-in-Council has had the effect of directing attention to the unusual shortage of supply, and the requiring of a licence for export has prompted those in needy areas to anticipate their season's requirements, with the result that there is now a substantial movement of hay in Canada from the surplus areas to the areas of shortage.

Keen Rivalry

French Liner Normandie Claimed To Be Larger Than Cunarder

Keen rivalry between the giant French liner Normandie, which will go into service next spring, and Queen Mary, launched at Clydebank, Scotland, already is apparent.

Cunard-White Star line claims that the Queen Mary is the largest ship in the world are hotly contested in the French press, which declares the Normandie not only is longer, but heavier.

The Normandie already has cost far more than the estimated $30,000,000. It is 1,029 feet long, while the Queen Mary is 1,018. Much of the controversy centres on which ship has the greater tonnage. The exact figures still are unavailable, but the French press gives the Normandie between 76,000 and 79,000 tons with the British ship given 72,000 tons. Wide publication was given to many articles comparing the ships.

Plant Disease Survey

Experiments Carried Out Result In Decreased Loss From Smut

The Dominion-wide plant disease survey carried out by the plant pathologists of the division of botany, Dominion experimental farms, showed that during 1933 damage due to wheat stem rust in the Red River valley, usually a territory exposed to severe damage, was less than two per cent. Smut, so often the cause of lowering the grade of wheat, was the cause of only 0.6 per cent. of wheat being graded "smutty", as compared with 2.8 per cent. for the corresponding period of 1930, one of the worst years. This is undoubtedly due to the campaign for the control of this disease by seed treatment, especially in Durum wheats. These varieties graded 1.2 per cent. smutty in 1932, whereas in 1930 the percentage of cars graded smutty was 16.6.

The SNAPSHOT GUILD

INSIDE THE HOUSE

Light for this living-room shot came from broad windows at the right. The day was almost dull but the camera got every detail in an exposure of only a few seconds.
Stairways almost always have rich picture possibilities. The stairs shown here have an unusual twist, which was capitalized by the snapshooter. But even the most "ordinary" of stairs can be made to give you striking and memorable pictures. All you need is a watchful eye and a handy camera.

IF you've put off taking pictures of the inside of your home because of a vague notion that such pictures are difficult, banish that notion and get out your camera. Here are a few pointers that may help you in your first shots.

In the first place, you will need to make time exposures. And for successful time exposures the camera must be absolutely steady. Use a tripod, if you have one, or mount the camera on some substantial support such as a table. Too, the camera must be level; otherwise corners and doors and windows will not be properly straight up and down.

It is a good idea to place your camera so that you get only a little of the ceiling in the view-finder. There's more of interest nearer the floor.

The secret of success in indoor pictures lies in controlling the light reaching the various parts of the room to be pictured. To begin with, never point your camera directly at the window or door through which the greatest amount of light is coming. Keep the light behind or to the side of the camera. If, as sometimes happens, a sunny window is in a particular part of the house you want to take, you can eliminate sun-glare by a very simple trick. Pull the shade of that particular window clear down and open it down for an exposure long enough to give you the other features and details. Then, close the shutter and run the shade up to its normal position. Now, go back to the camera and, without changing the film or the camera's position, open the shutter again for a half second longer

It's a good idea to use a very small lens stop in taking indoor pictures, because you want detail in everything. Focus on a point about half-way between the camera and the far side of the room; then, when the lens is stopped down you will find that practically everything is in sharp focus.

Avoid including large pieces of furniture in the foreground, lest they take up more space in the picture than they deserve.

Watch out for distracting reflections in mirrors or glass covered pictures. By putting a small wad of paper under one corner of a picture, thereby changing the angle of the glass, you can usually get rid of a reflection.

Exposure time will vary, of course, with the brilliance of the daylight and the degree to which the walls reflect light. On a bright day, pictures in a predominantly light colored room can be taken with an exposure of five or ten seconds. On dull days, in dark rooms having only one window, you will need as much as five minutes, with the lens at f.32.

If you've never tried interiors, you'll find them plenty of fun and the results will surprise you with their excellence.

JOHN VAN GUILDER

Scientists Discover New Method Of Growing Crops Which May Revolutionize Agriculture

HANDWRITING REVEALS CHARACTER

By LAWRENCE HIBBERT
(Grapho-Analyst)

(All Rights Reserved)

(Editor's Note: Considerable interest has been aroused in these articles, written by a well-known handwriting expert. Have you had your handwriting analysed? See the announcement at the foot of the article).

A young lady from a small town in Saskatchewan sends me a letter, and encloses a specimen of the handwriting of her sweetheart. Part of her letter follows: "In sending you my own handwriting, and also that of my sweetheart, I would like you to advise me. I am very sorely perplexed. I love my sweetheart very dearly, and I have always thought he reciprocated my affection. But I am beginning to wonder if he really does, and whether he is the right type of man for me. I love him very much, but would rather finish things with him now, than to have a lot of trouble and unhappiness later on. . . . We are engaged to be married, but he keeps putting off making a date for the wedding. And I have been told that he goes out with other girls. He admits this, but begs me to forgive him, and assures me that when we are married, he will have nothing more to do with other girls. At the same time, he puts me off by telling me that his business is much too insecure for us to contemplate marriage now. Please advise me, and tell me the truth, whether it is good or bad."

I am sorry for my correspondent, but am inclined to believe that she is sensible enough to realize, as she says in her letter, that it is better to effect a cure now, than make a great deal more trouble and unhappiness for herself later on.

Her own handwriting shows a warm, ardent nature that simply must have the affection of others. She is honest and trustworthy, and has a good deal of natural pride. Her writing shows that she would like to own a home of her own, and that family life would be her métier.

On the other hand, the writing of her friend is not so good. It shows unreliability and a predilection for deceit. He is of a cooler type than my correspondent, and not naturally affectionate in the kindly sense. He is of a rather "physical" type.

My advice to the young lady is that the young man is not the one best suited for her. If she marries him, he will deceive her just as he is deceiving her now, because it is his nature to do so.

And there is a streak of dishonesty in him. This, coupled with the very definite indications of deceit, tells me that she will only be unhappy if she continues to go with him.

And, speaking of the practical, she is not getting any younger. She is losing her opportunities of making the acquaintance of a man who may become fond of her, and make her a good husband.

* * *

Do you want your handwriting analysed? Do you wish to know the character that is shown in it? If you are in love, is it with a person suited to you? These and other revelations will be made from handwriting. Send a letter in your normal handwriting, and state birthdate (in every case), and enclose with 10c coin and 3c stamped addressed envelope. If you enclose more than one specimen to be analysed, please enclose coin for each. Replies will be mailed as soon as possible, but please allow at least two weeks for reply. Address: Lawrence Hibbert, Grapho-Analyst, care of Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg.

Had To Have Proof

A New York East Side pantsmaker, who has become quite a figure in the movie-producing world, was recently selecting a chief for his scenario staff. The producer insisted that the successful applicant must be a college graduate. He looked with favor upon one applicant, and asked if he had a college education. He received an affirmative reply.

"Show your diplomas," demanded the producer. The applicant tried to explain that it was not customary for college graduates to carry diplomas around with them.

"Well, then," demanded the producer, with just a slight sneer, "say me a big word."

In Swedish peat bogs have been found a woollen mitten from 100 B.C., and a woollen cloak still more ancient.

On the Suffolk, England, farms of Michael Farraday, grandson of the great electrician, scientists have witnessed the first practical results of seventeen years' research into a new method of growing crops which may entirely revolutionize agriculture.

Here, by a special process discovered in Germany by Dr. Paul Spangenberg of Lubeck, crops of maize and barley are grown in 10 days, not in the ground, but in chemically treated trays arranged in tiers inside metal cabinets. These crops are being used daily to feed cattle and pigs on the farm and the animals are in better condition than others fed with ordinary outdoor fodder.

Farmers at the recent Ipswich Agricultural Show were amazed at this new invention. Already a company has been formed to manufacture the equipment and supply the necessary chemical elements. The name of the company is British Cultivations, Ltd., and the process has been fully patented under the name of "Kwick Grow."

Dr. Spangenberg made his discovery by analyzing the most fertile soil he could find and duplicating its nutrient content in a chemical solution. This solution is fed to the seed. Only small quantities of water are required and no earth is used. The seed germinated by this process are said to produce five times the volume of seed planted in the ground.

Each cabinet in which the seeds are placed is divided into 10 sections, one for each day's growth, and each section contains eight trays. As each day's crop is "harvested," more seed is immediately put into the trays to produce another crop in 10 days. Thus, the farmer has a fresh crop, approximating the finest June pasturage, every day in the year.

Orders are being received for cabinets from farms in all parts of England, including one farmer who is a tenant of the King at Sandringham. In Germany the government has ordered them in large quantities to be used in concentration camps.

With the growing of crops for feeding animals successfully achieved, investigators are now experimenting further with growing vegetables. This process is still in the experimental stage, but the men working at it have in mind the ultimate production of smaller cabinets which could be kept in homes—in the kitchen, like an ice-box—to supply the family with fresh green produce all the year round. The growing of fresh vegetables is expected to require somewhat more time than fodder crops.

F. H. Hedinger, a naturalized American, who is a director of the company, has been in communication with the American Embassy in London and authorities in the United States, offering a demonstration of the process as a means of alleviating the fodder crisis caused by the drought.

Drought Resistant Grasses

U.S. Delegation Hopes To Find Some In Gobi Desert

Drought and the probability of drought loom so large in the minds of the United States Department of Agriculture that they are sending men to central Asia to make a search for drought resistant grasses.

In the Gobi desert is a vast area of pasture land where the summer temperature frequently rises above 100 degrees and where winter temperatures often drop under 40 degrees below zero. This area has a rainfall of less than 16 inches annually, thus resembling the great plains states area with respect to rainfall and temperature.

It is hoped that some drought resistant grasses will be found that can be utilized to advantage in the drier sections of this country. Prof. Nicholas Roerich has been selected to head this expedition into Asia.

It is estimated that nearly one person in three in the United States over 40 years of age is suffering from some chronic disease.

W. N. U. 2067

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Domitien T. Robichaud, Ottawa, has been appointed superintendent of the Dominion government's bureau of translation. His salary will range from $4,800 to $5,400.

British producers are rapidly ousting American goods from the Canadian market, said Howard G. Ferguson, Canadian high commissioner to Great Britain.

"Tourists will be worth $30,000,000 to $50,000,000 more to Canada this year than last, as a result of efforts to increase this traffic," according to D. Leo Dolan, director of the newly-formed federal tourist bureau.

One of the wealthiest men in Poland, Count Jacob Potocki, died recently, leaving his entire fortune, amounting ot about $20,000,000, to a medical institution for the treatment of cancer and tuberculosis to be founded in his name.

Aside from becoming a prominent grain port, Churchill boasted another distinction—it has become the jumping-off place for supplies to the northern missions. This season more than 100 tons of mission supplies were shipped out of Churchill.

Giving impetus to fattening of market cattle in central and northern Alberta, a portion fund of $75,000 for the three prairie provinces to assist farmers in buying stock has been made available by the Dominion Agricultural Credit Company, Ltd.

All lands owned by the University of Manitoba are exempt from taxation in Winnipeg, Chief Justice D. A. Macdonald ruled, granting an application of the university for an injunction restraining the city from assessing or levying taxes, or selling university lands.

Is Reaching Danger Point

Many persons seem to think that the spending possibilities of the Government are limitless, but they lose sight of the fact that every dollar appropriated for public purposes has to come from the taxpayer. What they also forget is that there is a danger line in taxation which is reached when the levies become so oppressive that they cannot be collected.—Philadelphia Inquirer .

Recently the following testimonial was received by a patent medicine concern: "For nine years I was totally deaf and after using your ear salve for only ten days I heard from my brother in Nebraska."

ASK YOUR DOCTOR FIRST, MOTHER

Before You Give Your Child an Unknown Remedy to Take

Every day, unthinkingly, mothers take the advice of unqualified persons — instead of their doctors' — on remedies for their children.

If they knew what the scientists know, they would *never* take this chance.

Doctors Say PHILLIPS' For Your Child

When it comes to the frequently-used "milk of magnesia," doctors, for over 50 years, have said "PHILLIPS' Milk of Magnesia — the safe remedy for your child."

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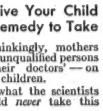
Also in Tablet Form:

Phillips' Milk of Magnesia Tablets are now on sale at all drug stores everywhere. Each tiny tablet is the equivalent of a teaspoonful of Genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia.



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SUPREMELY SATISFYING...

-and POKER HANDS, too!

It *pays to* "Roll Your Own" with

TURRET
FINE CUT
CIGARETTE TOBACCO

We Recommend *"CHANTECLER"* or *"VOGUE"* Cigarette Papers

Radio Instruction

The Saskatchewan Government Correspondence School — Radio Broadcasting 1934-1935

The programme of Radio Instruction given by the Saskatchewan Government Correspondence School during the past three years will be continued for the present school year. From Monday, October 15th, to Friday, December 14th, 1934 and from January 14th, to April 26th, 1935, a broadcast will be given daily, except Saturdays and Sundays, from four-thirty to five P.M. Mountain Standard Time. The radio broadcasts will originate at CJRM, Regina, and the network will include the following stations: CFQC Saskatoon, CHAB Moose Jaw, CJGX Yorkton, CHWC Regina, CKBI Prince Albert.

The instructors will deal with the difficulties of pupils and will answer not only questions in the assignments but also questions that are daily reaching the School from teachers and pupils. In order to have a fuller appreciation of the addresses pupils are requested to have their Correspondence Lessons before them.

The following is the programme to be followed:

Gde.	French	English	Latin	Science Grade IX	History Grade X	German Grade IX	Science or Geog. Grade X
IX	Oct. 15	Oct. 16	Oct. 17	Oct. 18		Oct. 19	
X	Oct. 22	Oct. 23	Oct. 24	——	Oct. 25	——	Oct. 26
IX	Oct. 29	Oct. 30	Oct. 31	Nov. 1	——	Nov. 2	——
X	Nov. 5	Nov. 6	Nov. 7	——	Nov. 8	——	Nov. 9
IX	Nov. 12	Nov. 13	Nov. 14	Nov. 15	——	Nov. 16	——
X	Nov. 19	Nov. 20	Nov. 21	——	Nov. 22	——	Nov. 23
IX	Nov. 26	Nov. 27	Nov. 28	Nov. 29	——	Nov. 30	——
X	Dec. 3	Dec. 4	Dec. 5	——	Dec. 6	——	Dec. 7
IX	Dec. 10	Dec. 11	Dec. 12	Dec. 13	——	Dec. 14	——
X	Jan. 14	Jan. 15	Jan. 16	——	Jan. 17	——	Jan. 18
IX	Jan. 21	Jan. 22	Jan. 23	Jan. 24	——	Jan. 25	——
X	Jan. 28	Jan. 29	Jan. 30	——	Jan. 31	——	Feb. 1
IX	Feb. 4	Feb. 5	Feb. 6	Feb. 7	——	Feb. 8	——
X	Feb. 11	Feb. 12	Feb. 13	——	Feb. 14	——	Feb. 15
IX	Feb. 18	Feb. 19	Feb. 20	Feb. 21	——	Feb. 22	——
X	Feb. 25	Feb. 26	Feb. 27	——	Feb. 28	——	Mar. 1
IX	Mar. 4	Mar. 5	Mar. 6	Mar. 7	——	Mar. 8	——
X	Mar. 11	Mar. 12	Mar. 13	——	Mar. 14	——	Mar. 15
IX	Mar. 18	Mar. 19	Mar. 20	Mar. 21	——	Mar. 22	——
X	Mar. 25	Mar. 26	Mar. 27	——	Mar. 28	——	Mar. 29
IX	Apr. 1	Apr. 2	Apr. 3	Apr. 4	——	Apr. 5	——
X	Apr. 8	Apr. 9	Apr. 10	——	Apr. 11	——	Apr. 12
IX	Apr. 15	Apr. 16	Apr. 17	Apr. 18	——	Apr. 19	——
X	Apr. 22	Apr. 23	Apr. 24	——	Apr. 25	——	Apr. 26

Suggestions and comments regarding the broadcasts are invited.

Little Journeys In Science

DIAMONDS

(By Gordon H. Guest, M.A.)

Diamonds are the purest form of carbon, an element which occurs in almost every living substance. Found in the sand and gravel of river, lake, or sea beds, the stones are separated out by a washing process which carries away the outer coatings, leaving the diamond free. These gems have a crystalline form, but sometimes the stones are cut by jewellers to further enhance their brilliance. Clear diamonds have the greatest value, although there are rare occurrences of delicately colored stones which are much prized. Black diamonds are more plentiful than the clear stones and are used for cutting and drilling. Diamonds are also used by engravers in making etchings.

It has been the dream of many scientists to make synthetic diamonds, and this has been accomplished occasionally, although it is found that the process does not produce sufficient stones to make it worth while.

Moisson, a French chemist, in 1893 was successful in producing a small quantity of the gems by heating charcoal with iron to a very high temperature in an electric furnace. The mixture was then cooled very quickly. A coating of iron was rapidly formed on the outside, but at the centre the cooling was slower, and a few very small clear and black diamonds were found. Rubies and other gems have also been made synthetically, but not with great success.

Diamonds are measured by carats, a unit of weight which is equivalent to three grains troy weight. The largest diamond ever found was the "Cullinan" which was mined in South Africa. This stone originally weighed 3,025¾ carats, but it was later cut into smaller stones.

Even Sell Meat

Drug stores sell almost everything but, down in Florida, they have gone far beyond the variety of the stores up this way. A United States cruiser stopped at St. Peterburg and needed 15,000 pounds of fresh meat. The purchase was made at a St. Petersburg drug store.

Java holds the world's record for having the most thunderstorms.

West Indian hurricanes usually travel in a curved path.

Birds can see 100 times better than man.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

OCTOBER 14

THE CHRISTIAN AND HIS BIBLE

Golden text:
Oh, how I love thy law!
It is my meditation all the day.
Psalm 119:97.

Lesson: Acts 8:26-39.
Devotional Reading: Psalm 119:41-48.

Explanations And Comments

How to Study the Bible. When a man insists that every statement in the Bible is to be taken as literally true, he outrages our sense of fact. That is not so. On the other hand when some man refers to the Bible as "a lot of myths, legends, old wives' tales," a cast-off collection of literary old clothes, he outrages both our sense of reverence and our sense of fact. That is not so either. The more thoughtful people of the world have been using this book for centuries as a book of final values for all who would live nobly.

The only basis for an enduring faith in the Bible is sound, accurate, thorough knowledge. Let men study to show themselves approved unto God, workmen that need not be ashamed, rightly divining the word of truth. Let them learn to discriminate between that which is merely local, temporary, incidental in this literature and that which is universal, enduring, vital. Let them learn that we have there a record of the progressive revelation which God made of himself through the religious experiences of a people chosen for their spiritual insight. It is a record of long, patient processes of mental and spiritual unfolding, stretching through a period of more than a thousand years. We have this heavenly treasure in the earthen vessel of a Hebrew civilization, and it takes shape, color, and odor from the vessel which contains it. The more thorough and intimate our knowledge of the Bible, the better it will be for those writings which are able to make men wise unto salvation and furnish them thoroughly for all good work.

But coupled with that fearless, painstaking scholarship, which walks through the pages of Holy Writ with eyes wide open to the truth, let there be also a genuine reverence for this book as a message from the heart of God to the soul of man. "Let knowledge grow from more to more, but more of reverence in us dwell." Men have found this book a lamp unto their feet and a light unto their path. "Thy word have I hid in my heart that I might not sin against thee." Discriminating study carried on in the right spirit leads to the renewal of the inner life. There is no necessary antagonism between knowledge and reverence, between scholarship and devotion—they are the right and left hands of a common, competent approach to the Scriptures. We say "Our Father," and we say also "Hallowed be thy name". In like manner, let there be the blending of intimate knowledge with wholesome reverence for the Bible and we shall find that "all Scripture given by inspiration of God is profitable for instruction in righteousness."—Charles Reynolds Brown, in The Gospel for Main Street.

Voice Warns Drivers

If you are driving in St. Louis, Missouri, and you suddenly hear, coming as if from nowhere, a stentorian admonition about the way you are handling your car—don't be alarmed. It's merely something new in polite police work. For the "traffic school car," equipped with loudspeaker and manned by vigilant officers, has made its appearance on St. Louis streets.

Acquires Television Device

United States Buys American Rights From Austrian Inventor

Gustav Boehm, Austrian inventor, who claims to have perfected a cheap television set, has sold the American rights to his patent.

The patent, it is claimed, can be adjusted to the ordinary radio receiving set.

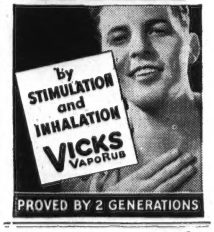
The new apparatus is a short wave receiving set capable of clear television within a radius of 50 miles and receiving pictures 4½ by six feet in size.

Herr Boehm, who has been working in Vienna for ten years on his invention, left for New York to supervise the manufacture of his television set. Details of its construction are kept secret until the apparatus has been placed on the market.

Baked elephant's foot is one of the greatest food delicacies of the African bushman.

Sixty per cent. of Japan's 1934 revenue goes to the army and navy.

Ends a Cold SOONER



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Complete holder with refills — $1.00 postpaid, or from your Druggist or Tobacconist. Dealers wanted everywhere.

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EVIDENCE SHOWS TRADE IN BRITAIN HAS IMPROVED

London. — Chancellor of the Exchequer Neville Chamberlain laid before a gathering of London bankers evidence that Great Britain's trade has improved and assured them the independence of sterling would be maintained.

"I will say for the untenth time," he said at the annual dinner of the bankers of the city of London, "that the exchange equalization account was founded for the purpose of ironing out excessive fluctuations in the value of our currencies."

The chancellor said he had frequently declared the policy of His Majesty's government in this connection "without, I am afraid, succeeding always in convincing the people across the seas."

Montagu Norman, governor of the Bank of England, who also addressed the bankers, spoke in favor of central banks, especially the Bank for International Settlements of which he said he was "from the beginning and am to-day a faithful supporter and in which I continue to be a great believer."

In his address Mr. Norman said he considered the establishment of central banks in the dominions was one of the great steps forward in these difficult times.

The Bank for International Settlements, he said, "was indeed a vision and you will see if you bear patiently with the difficulties which it suffered from the moment it started, that the vision will come true.

"Its concern is to bring about the co-operation of central banks and no cause could be altruistic and more in the interests of all of you who are in other businesses than that international object."

The chancellor also referred appreciatively to steps taken during recent years to establish central banks within the British Empire. This tended to promote common imperial objects and a unified monetary policy, he said.

Despite the general optimistic outlook mirrored by the fact that British exports have jumped approximately $100,000,000 during the first eight months of this year, Mr. Chamberlain said difficulties in the way of international trade seem to be increasing.

"Unfortunately it is impossible for any one government to reopen the channels of international trade of its own volition or to influence the policies of other countries which are subjected to their own internal exigencies," he said.

Ontario Schools Plan To Teach Agriculture

Minister Announces Subject Will Be Put On Study Course

Toronto.—Hon. Duncan Marshall, Ontario minister of agriculture, announced plans were being made by the departments of agriculture and education to place agriculture on the public school curriculum. He told the Young Men's Canadian Club in an address that he had reached an understanding with Hon. Dr. L. J. Simpson, minister of education, regarding teaching of scientific agriculture in all public schools.

"If I live for the next two or three years it will be a reality," the minister said. "Agriculture will be dealt with in a scientific way in every public school in Ontario. Some knowledge of the soil will be given to pupils, and they will be made to understand the basic importance of agriculture and what it has to offer those who go to live on the land."

He maintained agriculture had been treated too haphazardly in Ontario schools. When present plans were put into effect agriculture would rank in importance with any subject taught, he said.

Cattle Marketed

Winnipeg.—About 2,000 head of under-fed cattle from the drouth areas of Manitoba and Saskatchewan have been marketed through Winnipeg abattoirs since the first loads arrived September 21, according to a checkup at local packing plants.

W. N. U. 2067

War And Peace

Labor Party In Britain Enunciates Their Policy

Southport, England.—In the event of war involving Britain, or immediate threat of war, the Labor party will call a special convention to determine Labor's attitude.

The annual conference of the party reached this conclusion after rejecting a proposal advanced by pacifists that Labor should be bound to call a general strike if war threatened.

Earlier the moderates convincingly showed their supremacy over the extremists within the party, when a series of amendments to the draft platform, which would have called for immediate radical socialist steps by any future Labor government, were rejected on a card vote of 2,146,000 to 206,000.

On the war and peace resolutions, Arthur Henderson, general secretary of the party and president of the world disarmament conference, explained that "never will Labor agree that Britain herself should resort to war or to help any other nation commit that crime.

"If any government should ever seek to involve Britain in war," he added, "it would be opposed by the whole Labor government."

The party approved a resolution expressing deep satisfaction at the entry of Russia to the League of Nations, Mr. Henderson declaring the entry was motivated by a desire to maintain peace.

Remembrance Day

Will Be Observed This Year On Sunday, Nov. 11th

Ottawa.—Remembrance Day falling this year on Sunday (Nov. 11) will be celebrated on that day so far as the department of secretary of state is concerned. In the case of statutory holidays falling on Sunday the provision is made that the following Monday will be observed for business purposes. Remembrance Day does not fall into that category.

Any departure from the provisions in order to provide a business holiday on the following Monday will be a matter for local ruling.

Window Washer Fights Hawk

Wins Battle With Huge Bird High In Air

Chicago.—A man and a hawk fought a brief, bitter battle 624 dizzying feet above the world's fair, and the man was the victor.

As William Weber plied his trade as window washer on the west tower of the fair's skyride, a large chicken hawk attacked him with beak, talons and powerful wings. Only his safety belt prevented Weber from plunging to sudden death. Weber fought back with all his tools and swinging fists until a well-directed blow sent the marauder soaring away.

Accepts New Appointment

McGill Professor Joins Staff Of University Of London

Montreal.—Prof. F. Clarke, for the past five years professor of education at McGill University, has accepted an appointment to the staff of the institute of education in the University of London, it was confirmed here. He will act as adviser to overseas students, and will leave for his new post toward the end of January. Dr. H. D. Southam, formerly of the British Columbia normal school in Vancouver, has been appointed assistant professor of education at McGill.

Hearing Claim Case

Ottawa. — The hearing into Alberta's claim for compensation in respect of the province's natural resources during their administration by the Dominion government, has opened. The royal commission appointed to adjudicate on the claim comprises Justice A. K. Dysart, Judge T. M. Tweedie, of Calgary, and G. C. MacDonald, of Montreal.

Forbids Balloon Tires

Berlin.—An official restriction forbidding the manufacture of balloon type tires in order to economize the rapidly diminishing rubber supplies of the country has been put into operation. Balloon tires require twice as much rubber as the ordinary tires.

HEADS NEW BOARD

Dr. G. H. Barton, Chairman of the newly appointed Dominion Marketing Board, who is also Deputy Minister of the Dominion Department of Agriculture. The first duty of the board will be to investigate methods by which Canada's export of apples may be increased.

'Plane Crash Kills Seven

Machine Bound For Paris Falls Into English Channel

Folkestone, Eng. — An aeroplane with seven occupants crashed into the misty English channel three miles from shore on a projected flight to Le Bourget airfield, France, killing all of them. Two of the passengers were women.

The cause of the crash probably will remain a mystery since no one witnessed it, although the captain of the German cargo steamer Leander heard the roar of the aeroplane's engines, followed shortly by the crash as the plane plunged into the sea.

The cross-channel steamer Biarritz was near the scene at the time. It picked up five bodies and brought them to Folkestone. There was a heavy rain at the time of the crash.

It was learned a plane, without giving its identity or other particulars, flashed an S.O.S. to Croydon airdrome some time before the wreckage was found. The machine belonged to a British flying company known as Hillman's Airways, and had left an airdrome near Romford, in Essex, northeast of London, for Paris.

May Get Nobel Prize

Sir Norman Angell Likely To Receive Peace Award

New York.—An Oslo cable to the New York Times quotes President M. Olden, of the Norwegian Peace Society, as declaring the 1934 Nobel peace prize probably will go to Sir Norman Angell.

Sir Norman Angell, economist, author and former member of the British parliament, has written several books on international topics, many of them dealing directly with questions of peace and war.

Asks Definite Announcement

Australia Wants To Know Britain's Objectives Regarding Agriculture

Bradford, England.—The suggestion the British government should definitely announce its objectives in regard to British agriculture—and the part that imports from the Dominions is to finally take—was made by Stanley Bruce, Australia's high commissioner in London.

Mr. Bruce was making his annual address to members of the Bradford Textile Society.

He suggested that in the interests of the mother country herself some guiding principles should be laid down, making it possible to formulate a concrete policy of inter-imperial co-operation for the promotion of reciprocal trade.

The British government's campaign to stimulate domestic agriculture has already had important repercussions on exports from the Dominions, "standstill" agreements having been made regarding meat and cattle exports, while a similar agreement for eggs is under discussion.

May Lower Interest

Farmers May Profit By Reduction To Farm Loan Board

Ottawa. — First mortgage money may be available to Canadian farm loan board borrowers at as low as 5½ per cent. as a result of an order-in-council secured by Hon. E. N. Rhodes, minister of finance, and made public. Under this order the federal treasury is empowered to lend money to the board at four per cent. interest where a rate of five per cent. formerly was charged.

The order-in-council will permit the minister of finance to purchase four per cent. bonds of the Canadian farm loan board up to a maximum of $10,000,000, in instalments of $100,000.

Relief Lists Lower

Bright Report On Unemployment Reduction From B.C.

Victoria.—Dropping steadily since March, British Columbia relief registrations included 29,000 persons recently, the lowest of any total in the last two years. E. W. Griffiths, provincial relief administrator, said consolidation of old and new relief lists was about complete with 10,000 listed in provincial areas and 19,000 in municipalities, exclusive of dependents.

This is a reduction of 51,000 unemployed registered for relief in March last, a total that declined steadily to 31,600 in July, and now to 29,000.

Suggests National Government

Chatham, Ont.—A national government for Canada was urged here by Rev. Charles W. Gordon, Winnipeg author, who writes under the name of Ralph Connor. One group could not solve the country's problems, he told a service club in an address.

BICYCLE CHAMPIONS SAIL FOR CANADA

This picture was taken when Syd Cozens and Jack Torry left London for Canada to compete in Six-Day Bicycle Races. These two cyclists were among the best amateurs in the British Isles before they turned professional to compete with such men as Torchy Peden in the marathon cycle races which are very popular on this side of the ocean.

LOWER TAXATION AND INTEREST RATES EXPECTED

Ottawa. — Forecasts of taxation reductions and lower interest rates to borrowers were contained in addresses to the people of Canada by Prime Minister R. B. Bennett, speaking in London, and Minister of Finance E. N. Rhodes speaking in Ottawa, in connection with the $250,000,000 refunding loan.

"The steady progress that Canada has made in business recovery during the last 18 months—reflected as it already is in expanding revenues—should eventually result in those reductions in taxes which everyone so desires and which your government is striving to achieve by every means within its power," said Mr. Bennett.

The success of the great conversion loan of 1932 when the British government exchanged nearly $10,000,000,000 with an interest saving of millions of pounds annually, coincided with the beginning of the economic recovery which the mother country enjoyed during the last two years, Mr. Bennett recalled.

The lower interest rates to be paid upon the present issue of bonds was not arbitrarily fixed, Mr. Rhodes stated, but fairly reflected the current rate for money in Dominion security markets.

"Money is accumulating," Mr. Rhodes said, "and good investments are eagerly sought. Interest rates have therefore declined materially and the tendency is downwards. This downward trend is already apparent in the rates paid on bank deposits as well as high grade securties, and will soon permeate our whole financial system with resultant stimulus to expanding economic activity.

"The difference between the 5½ per cent. paid on the maturing bonds and the 3.81 per cent. on the new 15-year bonds measures the progress made in restoring interest rates to more normal levels from the abnormal heights caused by the exigencies of the Great War."

National revenues for the first six months of the current fiscal year exceeded those for the same period last year by over $26,000,000, Mr. Rhodes said, and the prospects were excellent for a surplus in ordinary account in the next Dominion budget. The Canadian National Railways had also shown an improvement in the first eight months of the calendar year by about $8,000,000.

New Farm Station

Will Locate Experimental Farm In Melfort Area

Ottawa.—The government has decided to develop an experimental farm in the constituency of Melfort, Sask., it was stated at the department of agriculture. The farm will comprise 640 acres.

The farm will be located in clay-bush country, and will be planned to assist farmers in such districts of the prairies. The other experimental farms in Saskatchewan look after the needs of the people farming on the open prairies, but it is said there are no experimental farms in the province dealing with conditions met with in the clay-bush area.

Land has already been acquired for the farm and buildings are now being erected. It will be in operation next year. Livestock and forage-crop production will be to the fore in the experimental work conducted there just as farms in other parts of Saskatchewan deal more largely with the problems of the grain grower.

Located in an old settled district which has not hitherto had the benefit of an experimental farm, the project is expected to be of assistance to farmers working under conditions such as prevail in the Carrot River valley.

Crop Payment Higher

Calgary.—The initial payment of the Alberta wheat pool on the 1934 wheat crop has been boosted 15 cents a bushel to 50 cents. Better prices and a generally improved demand resulted in the decision to increase the payment from 35 cents a bushel, which was paid on the 1933 crop, to the half dollar mark, officials said here.

Stony Plain Sun.

Published Every Thursday at The Sun Office, Stony Plain.

Thursday, Oct. 11, 1934.

Advertising Rates:
Display, 40 cents per column inch; plate, 25c per column inch.
Readers in Locals, 15c line.
Legal and Municipal Notices, etc., 15c line first insertion: 10c line each subsequent insertion.

Here and There

What a practical newspaperman finds interesting on a cruise around the world in the Canadian Pacific flagship Empress of Britain can be counted upon to capture the imagination of stay-at-homes. Last winter Alan Maurice Irwin, a Montreal writer, made the cruise. He saw intriguing places, outstanding people and strange customs. So he sat down and wrote a book which is illustrated by photographs he made with his own camera, filled with amusing sidelights upon humanity. Now, under the comprehensive title "—and ships—and sealing wax," the book is on Macmillan's fall list.

That United States investors' capital would flow into Canada in an even greater volume is the prediction of John R. Hastie, of the Mutual Life of New York office in Chicago, speaking before the Life Underwriters Association of Toronto, at the Royal York Hotel recently.

The cream of American baseball players is scheduled to sail from Vancouver October 20, aboard the Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Japan, for an all-star tour of Japan, China and the Philippines. Judge and Mrs. Kenesaw Mountain Landis may also be in the party.

Photographed in a group for the first time since they were "shot" on their arrival in Canada a few years ago, His Excellency the Governor-General, Her Excellency and their elder son and daughter were snapped on board the Empress of Britain just before Lady Bessborough and her son and daughter sailed for Europe recently.

Appropriation of one dollar was made recently by the Vancouver City Council as the nominal price for the purchase from the Canadian Pacific Railway of 1¼ acres of right-of-way property at Kitsilano Beach, near the British Columbia city.

The first McIntosh apples of the season for distribution throughout the Dominion from Victoria to Halifax went out recently over Canadian Pacific lines in trains of 45 cars. The fruit is reported to be in wonderful condition and this season's product will maintain the great reputation that British Columbia has won for its apples.

Under the Canadian Pacific five years' free scholarship award to McGill University, Reside McCallum, of Montreal; David B. W. Reid, of Winnipeg, and Albert Grant Asplin, of Lethbridge, all sons of company employees, are announced as this year's winners. The scholarships are renewable every year up to five years if the holders are entitled to full standing in the next higher year.

"There is very clear evidence of a return to prosperity in Canada due to a greater feeling of confidence," was a recent declaration of Lord Iliffe, owner of more British trade papers than any other publisher in the United Kingdom, interviewed aboard the Empress of Britain.

From every state of the Union and every province of the Dominion delegates to the 110th communication of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Oddfellows assembled in convention at the Royal York Hotel, Toronto, recently. They were greeted by the Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario and the Mayor of Toronto.

LOST—Set of truck chains between Sinner's Corner and Stony Plain. Reward. V. Assinger.

For Sale, 1926 Chevrolet Coupe, in good shape; about 100 feet of Cement Pipes, 30" inside measurement. Edw. Briske, Stony Plain.

For Sale, 2d Hand Wagon an Grain Tank. R Breitkreutz, ay Plain.

For Sale—Five-year old Holstein Bull; dehorned, good papers; price reasonable. H Giebelhaus.

For Sale—Buggy Gear. R Breitkreutz, Stony Plain.

THE NEWS OF STONY PLAIN AND DISTRICT.

Mr Wm Comisarow, Viking, was Stony on the holiday.

Mr C Braund spent Thanksgiving day with friends in the City.

Mr and Mrs Erwin Schmit, former residents, motored up from Vegreville and visited with friends here over the week-end.

Mr John Tailor Richtarseck a former resident, came down from Jasper on the holiday, to meet some friends.

Mr Geo Liebert is at present in an Edmonton hospital, and is said to be seriously ill.

The Catechism class in connection with St Matthew's Lutheran Church commenced yesterday; the sessions being held at Pastor Eberhardt's residence.

Owners of battery radios will be interested in the offer made by Stony Plain Hardware, to change over their radios to a 2 volt hook-up free.

Mr Goodman was prevented thru illness from showing his picture "The Bombshell" at Keliy's hall last Thursday. An effort will be made to put this on at the same place on Thursday Evg.

BUTTER AND EGGS WANTED at The Royal Cafe.

The Market Report

WHEAT.

No. 1 Northern	0.58
No. 2 Northern	0.53
No. 3 Northern	0.50
No. 4 Northern	0.47

OATS.

2 C. W.	.28
3 C. W.	.25
Extra 1 Feed	.25
No. 1 Feed	.23
No. 2 Feed	.22

BARLEY

No. 2	.40
No. 3	.35

DR. R. A. WALTON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence, 1st St. W. Opp. Town Hall. Phone 1.

G. J. BRYAN, B. A., LL.B.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC.
Successor to the late F. W. Lundy.
STONY PLAIN.

DR. G. H. BROWN,
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Cor. 95 St. & 118 Av., Edmonton.
PHONE 73174.
At Stony Plain on Fridays.

Western Empire Life Insurance Company.
The Best There Is in Insurance.
Local Agent, C. G. Singer, Stony Plain.

AUCTION SALE,
MOND'Y, OCT. 29
On the Farm of
Mrs. Ph. Trautman
1 mile South, 1 mile West, half-mile South of Stony Plain.
Farm Machinery, Household Goods, Poultry, Swine.
Sale Starts 1 o'Clock.

WORLD WHEAT SITUATION
(Total World Annual Average Production ex China and Russia 2,600 million bushels—with China and Russia 5,350 million bushels).

Since the depression started the world wheat industry has suffered from three important factors. Firstly, in 1928 an extraordinary yield per acre occurred in many countries. For various reasons the surplus did not disappear, but instead, unfortunately, persisted. Secondly, the depression substantially decreased the consumption of wheaten bread per person in the world. Thirdly, because cheap with all its low price, the production of wheat was less of a lucky proposition than the production of beef, mutton, wool, flax, etc.—so farmers throughout the world tended to change their acreage formerly devoted to the latter products to that of wheat production.

As recovery from the depression occurs (and this now seems to be slowly happening) no doubt the reverse of the above policies will take place, which will, of course, tend to raise wheat prices to, and no doubt maintain them at, a reasonable level for producers.

SEARLE GRAIN COMPANY, LIMITED

Alberta Schools of Agriculture
OLDS and VERMILION
will open for 1934-35 Term October 30.
FREE COURSES IN AGRICULTURE and HOME ECONOMICS
given to Boys and Girls under sixteen years. No Entry Fee or Examination Required. Reasonable Rates Charged for Board and Lodging in Modern Dormitory.
Write for particulars to the Principal
SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURE OLDS OR VERMILION
or to the
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, Edmonton, Alberta.
Hon. F.S. Grisdale, Minister. H.A. Craig, Dep. Minister

CHARTERED BANKS WILL ASSIST NEW INVESTORS IN REFUNDING LOAN.

For the particular convenience of new investors who wish to subscribe in modest amounts for the bonds of the 1934 Refunding Loan, the chartered banks have agreed with the Dominion Government to loan up to 75 p.c. of the par value of bonds purchased by new investors. For example, a $100 bond may be purchased with a deposit of $25; a $500 bond with a deposit of $125, and a $1000 bond with a deposit of $250. In each case the balance of payments may be spread over periods up to 6 months, and the banks will carry the bonds at 4 p.c. interest.

Grading of GARNET WHEAT

In accordance with an amendment to the Canada Grain Act passed at the 1934 session of the Parliament of Canada, separate grades will be established for Garnet Wheat, effective August 1, 1935.

All farmers should have this in mind in preserving and procuring seed for the sowing of their 1935 wheat crop.

FEDERAL GRAIN LIMITED

WHEN YOU REQUIRE PRINTING, GET IT AT THE STONY PLAIN SUN PRINTERY.

We print	Posters,	Letter Heads,
Dodgers,	Circulars,	Envelopes,
Menus,	Invitations	Show Cards,
Labels,	Invoices,	Loose-Leaves,
Hangers,	Statements,	Shipping Tags,
Tickets,	Bill Heads,	Business Cards,
Badges,	Prize Lists,	Try Us.

T. J. HARDWICK, STONY PLAIN.

Card of Thanks.

The Family and Relatives of the late Mrs Johanna Gede wish to thank their friends for their kindness and sympathy, on the occasion of her demise.

The Gede Inquest.

The adjourned inquest into the death of Mrs J Gede reopened at the town hall Tuesday morning. Engineer Case, Conductor O'Leary and others of the train crew were present. A representative of the C N Ry. was present. The evidence of several witnesses was taken, after which the Coroner's Jury brought in a verdict to the effect that deceased was trespassing on Canadian National Ry.'s right-of way at the time of the accident. The train crew was cleared of all blame.

'Twould Leave a Sweeter Taste.

It really hurts to say this, and with the Liberals so sure of winning the next Federal election it won't matter, but if Mr Mackenzie King would display a little more of something like statesmanship and less of hitting below the belt and political jockeying such as characterized his speeches during the recent by election campaign in Ontario, it would leave a sweeter taste in the mouth.—Leduc Representative.

Enterprising Farmers Use It.

Mr J H McLaughlin, agent for Elephant Brand Fertilizer, a product of the Consolidated Smelter Co., has been very successful in securing orders so far this Fall, for 150 tons of this well-known fertilizer. Up to the present, there has been a substantial discount on all orders received, with no cash required until delivery in the Spring. It is now an accepted fact that, at present grain prices, the use of fertilizer pays better than ever

C. N. Train Service.

The train No. 190 leaves Jasper for Edmonton at 10 a.m. Sundays, Wed., Friday; arrive Stony Plain 8.09 p.m.

Train No. 189 leaves Edmonton 9.30 P.M Sun., Tues., Thurs., and arrive Stony Plain 10 37 P.M.

Bargains at The Sun Book Shop

Exercise Books (Ink)
Prices range from 16c. for the best, to 3c.

Scribblers (Pencil)
Prices from 2½c up.

Waterman's Ink
in 2 oz., and pints & quarts. Also Peerless and Reliance.

India Ink
Reeves's ½-oz. 19c.

Regulation' Note Book,
with Rings. Refills for same, and also Gummed Reinforcements.

Reeves's Paints
50c. a box Refills for same, every color.
Reeves's Tempera Poster Showcard Colors.

Crayons
From 5c up.

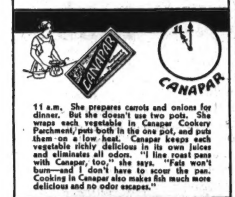
Drawing Pads
No. 1 and No. 2.

A MORNING WITH Mrs E. CONOMY

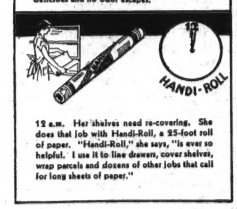
8 a.m. She makes up the children's lunches. "I wrap the sandwiches in Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper," she says, "because I know that Para-Sani will keep them fresh. In fact, I use Para-Sani from the green box a dozen times each day—for lining cake pans, keeping celery crisp and protecting food freshness and flavour."

9 a.m. She starts her dusting—but she no longer uses linty, dusty cloths. She uses Wonder Paper, which does dusting, cleaning and polishing all in one simple operation. Wonder Paper is among her most recent discoveries. "It saves so much time," she says, "and keeps my furniture brilliant all the time."

10 a.m. Mrs. E. Conomy, while at her kitchen table, needs a sheet of waxed tissue to cover an opened jam jar. Presto-Pack, a clever pack of waxed tissue that hangs on the wall and yields one sheet at a time, delivers the sheet handily to her and she holds it on with an elastic band. Presto-Pack tissue has a hundred uses.



11 a.m. She prepares carrots and onions for dinner. But she doesn't use two pots. She wraps each vegetable in Canaper Cookery Parchment, puts both in the one pot, and puts them on a low heat. Canaper keeps each vegetable richly delicious in its own juices and eliminates all odors. "I line roast pans with Canaper, too," she says. "Fats won't burn—and I don't have to scour the pan. Cooking in Canaper also makes fish much more delicious and no odor escapes."



12 a.m. Her shelves need re-covering. She does that job with Handi-Roll, a 25-foot roll of paper. "Handi-Roll," she says, "is ever so helpful. I use it to line drawers, cover shelves, wrap parcels and dozens of other jobs that call for long sheets of paper."

Your Dealer Sells Them All.

Appleford PAPER PRODUCTS LIMITED

HAMILTON, ONTARIO

Warehouses At Calgary, Edmonton, Regina and Winnipeg

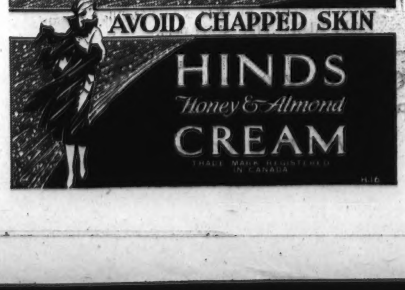
Autogyro Wrecked

Machine Of Byrd Antarctic Expedition Is Damaged

The autogyro of the Byrd Antarctic expedition crashed recently shortly after taking off on an aerological flight, but without serious injury to the pilot, William McCormick.

The machine was wrecked. McCormick escaped with a broken left arm, minor bruises and a severe shaking up. After treatment he was resting comfortably.

The fleet of Columbus was worth only $3,000.



THE TENDERFOOT

By GEORGE B. RODNEY

Author of "The Coronado Trail", "The Canyon Trail", Etc.

SYNOPSIS

"You've fallen heir to a half-share in plenty of trouble," the lawyer told Gerad Keene. "The Broken Spur has been systematically looting the ranch, and old Joe Carr, your partner, is drinking himself into ruin."

But Keene decided to go see what was happening for himself—not as Gerald Keene, half owner of the Hour-Glass Ranch, but as Duro Stone, tenderfoot in a Montgomery Ward wildwest outfit.

Dad Kane, desert rat and luckless prospector till now, is returning to tell Dustin and Spike Goddard, owners of the Broken Spur ranch, who had grubstaked him, of his discovery of a rich gold mine, and shows samples of the ore. He sees Broken Spur men rustling Hour-glass cattle and protests against it.

(Now Go On With The Story)

CHAPTER II.—Continued

For a moment silence held both men. They knew the old foolish legend of the Mother Lode and they knew, too, that old desert rats like old Kane, believed in it while vigorously protesting their disbelief; that foolish old tale that says that all gold is fermented and thrown out from a central body as the human heart sends blood to the distant parts of the body and that the tiny veins of gold, if found and traced back to their origin, will lead to the great Mother Lode where gold is made.

"Mother Lode hell," quoth Dustin hotly. "Where'd you find this? Is it far from here?"

"Four days' travel even with them trained asses o' mine. Ever read yore Bible, Dustin? It's sure worth readin'. There's a lot o' good readin' in the Bible. It tells about a feller named Saul. He was a peach, too. He was a kind of a prospector same as me. His burros got loose same as mine done. He went to trail 'em and he found a kingdom. I done the same. Mine got loose an' I follered 'em up Red Water canon. . . . Look here. . . ."

He fished futilely in his pocket, withdrew his hand and swore wildly. Then he slapped every pocket.

"I've done lost it," he said hoarsely. "I put down all the directions in my notebook of course. It don't make no real difference. I can trail back there at night if I have to but I don't like losin' a notebook that tells about it all. I know I had it just before I seen Gray an' Corse with the wagon."

"Maybe they found it," suggested Dustin.

"It won't help 'em none if they did, I reckon. But I'd sure like to have it back. It's got all my accounts with you gentlemen in it. It was up Red Water canon like I said. . . ."

"That's on Hour-glass land," said Dustin fiercely.

"Who knows it if I don't? That was when I seen the wagon. I was comin' back from huntin' my stray burros when I stumbled on a piece o' good lookin' float. I put it in my pocket and went back to trace the vein. I found the vein on the hillside and located it and come back. I was aimin' to build me a fire and roast the ore to see what it was like. I had made all the entries in my notebook like I always do. Then as I come over the ridge I seen the smoke and the wagon and then I seen the Broken Spur men at work on the Hour-glass cattle. They left and I made my camp in the bottom. Then I went back and looked into the matter o' the vein. I got out two little sacks of ore. It'll assay two thousand to the ton or I'm a Mormon. . ."

"Huh! You've been spendin' a lot of time lookin' a gold mine for old man Carr on the Hour-glass land," said Dustin sneeringly. "A minute ago you were accusin' us of stealin' the Hour-glass cattle. Now you're lookin' a gold mine on the same land and . . ."

"Minerals is different," said Kane hotly. "You know that. Even a cow-puncher knows that. This is a mine! Any man in the West knows minin' law. The man who finds a vein of ore kin foller it even under patented land. The only thing is the other man mustn't find it first. I've only got to prove that I was the first to find it."

Dustin nodded and Spike too. They knew that anomaly of law that is not justice at all at times.

"All the same," said Dustin, "it makes a difference. If Gray and Corse steal a few cattle, that's one thing. If you aim to steal a whole hillside full o' gold that's different. That's finance."

Kane swore gustily.

"Hour-glass or no Hour-glass," he said hotly, "I found the vein. I mean to foller that lead if it takes me plumb in to hell and I have to pan with sulphur water hot from hell-fire."

"Old man Carr may be willin' to sell the mineral rights," said Goddard sarcastically.

"Don't be a fool. . ." Dustin's face was grave. "The minute you ask Carr about selling mineral rights, you as good as tell him what he's got. He wouldn't sell us a cup o' water to keep us from dyin' of thirst. Of course there's a way to get 'em. In fact, I can think of two ways right now. We've got to get those mineral rights and get 'em quick . . . before the Hour-glass finds out about 'em."

"Joe Carr don't even suspect any ore on his land," said Kane.

"So much the better," quoth Dustin curtly. "You go on into the kitchen and get your supper, Dad," he said heartily. "We'll talk it over later. . . ." He held his partner by the sleeve till old Kane disappeared into the kitchen. "Come on into the office, Spike," he said curtly. "I want to talk this over with you before old Dad gets back."

Spike nodded, shouted to the cook to bring some coffee to them in the office and followed Dustin into the room and closed the door.

CHAPTER III.

The moment the office-door closed, Dustin turned sharply on his partner. It was at once clear that Dustin was the dominant personality. He might defer at times to Spike because of that worthy's virulent tongue when aroused to speech, but Spike's attitude showed that he was dominated and controlled by his partner.

"We've got to do something and do it quick," said Dustin. "Old Dad Kane is bound to talk. He just can't help it. And if once word gets out that he's found a rich ore even on Hour-glass land, there'll sure be hell to pay. Red Water canon is clearly on the Hour-glass. I wish the old fool hadn't lost that note-book. I'm afraid to ask Gray and Corse about it. They'd jump cross us in a second if they got wind of a find like this the old fool's made."

"Think old man Carr would sell if he's properly approached?" suggested Spike.

"Huh. Would you sell if you were in his place? That's the answer. Even to mention the possibility of buyin' the rights from him would make him post the ranch against trespassers. Where'd we be then? I'm not worryin' much about old Carr. I got him as good as sewed up in a sack with head and feet stickin' out. It's bigger than Carr, I'm aimin' at."

"Huh. You talk like a fool," said Spike sharply. "How kin you say you got old Carr sewed up in a sack when you dassent even tie your pony to his tie-rack when you want to see that red-headed girl of his? You got the owner of the Hour-glass dead to rights? Huh. You make out to ride down to Seco to git the mail when there ain't no mail just 'cause you want to git another look at that red-headed Edith Carr. You make me tired."

For just one brief moment Spike Goddard stood on the bare edge of red tragedy. He saw in his partner's eyes such a glare of utter hate that he fairly shrank back at what he saw. For a full half minute Dustin stared at him fiercely; then he laughed. Spike drew a breath of relief.

"No use lookin' at me like you want to kill me," he said awkwardly. "I'm only tellin' you what all the Valley knows."

"About what, you damned fool?" snapped Dustin. "Of course old Joe Carr and I did have a row some three years ago. That was when your damned clumsiness got you caught messin' up with his cows. If I want to tie my horse to the Hour-glass tie-rack, I'll ask no man's permission. Get that? Put that in your pipe and smoke it."

"You will like hell," snarled Spike. "You'd be as welcome there as a rattler in a prairie dog's hole. . . ."

That was just the one remark needed. Dustin exploded.

"And any time I happen to want Edith Carr, she'll come to heel and mind what I say and don't you forget it. . . ."

"I hear you. I heard a lot o' things I don't believe. That suit that you started over Soda Springs ain't any invitation to dinner at the Hour-glass."

"All right. Don't believe me then. There's more ways to reach a girl than by pettin' an' neckin' as they call it now."

"I hear you. . . ."

(To Be Continued)

You will save money by smoking Dixie Plug, because it lasts longer in your pipe. You can cut each pipeful in your own way, coarse or flaky —long or short, as you prefer.

DIXIE
PLUG SMOKING TOBACCO

Announcing New Discovery

Daughter Of Late Madame Curie Has Formula For Synthetic Radium

A formula for synthetic radium will be officially announced by Mme. Irene Curie-Joliot, daughter of Mme. Pierre Curie, at the scientific conference at Cambridge, England, it was reported in Paris.

Mme. Curie-Joliot and her husband, Dr. Frederic Joliot, have been carrying out experiments in close secrecy for a number of months, it was added. Recently they were said to have been engaged in perfecting their discovery following early successes last July.

The "Petit Journal" said that Mme. Curie-Joliot is being considered for the Nobel prize, which her late mother won twice.

Support Your Newspaper

In order to be of the greatest value to its community a newspaper must be prosperous; it must earn by legitimate support from subscribers, advertisers and the users of printed matter a sufficient amount to be able to put out a paper worth while. The better support your home paper has, the more able it is to serve the community.

Faster Way Found to Relieve Headaches

NOW PAIN OFTEN RELIEVED IN MINUTES!

Remember the pictures below when you want *fast* relief from pain. Demand and get the method doctors prescribe—*Aspirin*.

Millions have found that *Aspirin* eases even a bad headache, neuritis or rheumatic pain often in a few minutes!

In the stomach as in the glass here, an *Aspirin* tablet starts to dissolve, or disintegrate, almost the instant it touches moisture. It begins "taking hold" of your pain practically as soon as you swallow it.

Equally important, *Aspirin* is safe. For scientific tests show this: *Aspirin does not harm the heart.*

Remember these two points: *Aspirin Speed* and *Aspirin Safety*. And, see that you *get ASPIRIN*. It is made in Canada, and all druggists have it. Look for the name Bayer in the form of a cross on every *Aspirin* tablet.

Get tin of 12 tablets or economical bottle of 24 or 100 at any druggist's.

Why Aspirin Works So Fast

Drop an Aspirin tablet in a glass of water. Note that BEFORE it touches the bottom, it is disintegrating.

IN 2 SECONDS BY STOP WATCH
An Aspirin tablet starts to disintegrate and go to work.

What happens in these glasses happens in your stomach—ASPIRIN tablets start "taking hold" of pain a few minutes after taking.

When in Pain Remember These Pictures

— ASPIRIN DOES NOT HARM THE HEART —

"A Pure Sham and a Fraud."

A very enlightening article on a subject which is at present being very widely discussed, appears in the September Canadian Home Monthly. The writer is that well-known authority on financial matters, G. G. McGeer, K. C., who will be remembered as having given evidence before the Banking Committee in Ottawa, last Spring. The article, in part, follows:

Our generation is experiencing a normal and natural period of adjustment during which changes in economic and political outlook and practice will be made which will usher in an era of progress based upon peace and plenty that will mark another milestone in the evolution of human enlightenment.

To a civilisation that has conquered electricity and spanned the world with a network of transportation and communication facilities, the issue and management of the circulation of an effective medium of exchange should be a comparatively easy task.....

Altho we have an abundance of everything, we are poor because the monetary system has failed to maintain the circulation of the medium of exchange necessary to the distribution of the readily realizable and easily distributable abundance that exists.

The glaring absurdity of the existing situation becomes painfully apparent when we realise Canada's national wealth consists of farms, homes, private and public institutions representing developed wealth to the value of $30,000,000,000. No one can estimate the value of the nation's undeveloped resources. The real money of the nation, consisting of copper, nickel and silver coins and Dominion legal tender notes, totals only $200,000,000.

In our desire to maintain the value of money we have lost sight of the necessity of maintaining the value of real wealth and we have ignored the obligation of government to maintain the going concern activity of the social system which is in the final analysis the only security upon which real values can rest with safety.

The existence of universal stagnation of trade, bankruptcy and destitution at a time when science has made the conquest of material poverty a practical possibility indicates a fundamental error in our political and economic structure.

Knowledge gleaned in the school of painful and bitter experience compels us to acknowledge that "the banker-managed gold standard money system" is a pure sham and a fraud. Under banker management, gold and money have been abandoned. The banker has perfected the technique of substituting paper currency issued by bankers and bank credits created in bankers's books for money. In advance, he has learned that people do not require money of intrinsic value or gold coverage for either paper currency or bank deposits. By clever propaganda he has reserved the advantage of this great technological change in the attitude of mankind to money to the private money system and has actually used it to establish universal public add private bankruptcy.

We are continuously told by bankers, bond brokers and credit dealers that governments and private individuals borrow money. We are also told that governments cannot issue their own money without gold reserves for fear of the danger of inflation; yet bankers finance loans without money and they inflate their bank credit, substitute for money, without the least regard to their ability to redeem their promises either in money or gold. We are also assured by academic economists that an issue of money by government will result in increased prices, although the records clearly show that as the total volume of medium of exchange in circulation has increased during the last 150 years, prices on a general average have consistently fallen.

We are told that the gold standard was essential to the maintenance of international trade; yet international trade collapsed in 1931 when the whole world was operating under the gold standard which had been re-established at the instigation of international bankers and was then isubject to their exclusive management.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT MAIN ST. CROSSING.

A Resident of the Town Run Over by a Shunter Near the Gillespie Elevator Last Saturday Morning.

While attempting to cross the railway tracks on the siding near the Gillespie elevator, on Saturday morning, Mrs Johanna Gede was knocked knocked down by a freight car which was being "spotted," the car wheels passing over her shoulders and neck. Death was instantaneous. Deceased was taking a short cut over to the home of a friend on Railway ave., and is said to have been afflicted with deafness.

Mrs Gede had formerly lived on a farm in Mewassin district, and on the death of her husband some seven years ago had moved to Stony and took up her residence on a piece of land west of the Fedderal elevator, where she employed herself in 'tending a small-sized chicken ranch. She is survived by 4 sisters, Mrs Landsman, Duffield; Mrs Gaehrs and Mrs Hansen, both of Hamburg, Germany; Mrs John Armbruster; 1 brother, Henry Stube, Duffield.

The funeral took place on Monday, the 8th. A service was held at the residence of Mr John Armbruster by Pastor Eberhardt. The remains were laid to rest in the St. Matthew churchyard.

Funeral of Mrs. Wangler.

The death occurred in Edmonton on Thurs., Oct. 4, of Marie Wangler, wife of Mr M Wangler, of Spruce Grove district, at the age of 69 yrs. She is survived by her husband; 2 sons, Harry and Chris; 4 daughters, Mr G Holdway, McBride, B.C; Mrs J Beuerlein; Mrs A Backman; Mrs O Fagrie, Vancouver.

A private service was held on Sunday afternoon at the family residence. The funeral service was held later at St Matthew Lutheran Church, at Syruce Grove; the pastor Rev G Poetzsch officiating. Interment took place in the Spruce Grove cemetery.

Obituary.

There passed away from an attack of heart trouble, at his home at Styal, on Thursday, Sept. 27th, one well known to residents of this district. Deceased was born in the Province of Ontario on Oct. 27, 1877, and came to Alberta a number of years ago.

Funeral services were held in United church, Duffield, on Sept. 29, conducted by the Rev Mr Howard. Interment was made in Duffield cemetery.

He is survived by his loving wife; by 1 daughter Clara, at home; his fateer, Joseph Hadley, and 1 brother, Lester Hadley, both of Edmonton.

John Armbruster had charge of the funeral arrangements.

COMPLETE YOUR TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS AND BUY YOUR Steamship and Rail Tickets FROM THE LOCAL AGENT CANADIAN NATIONAL He represents all Rail and Steamship Lines To All Parts of The World

Spruce Grove News.

A large number of neighbors and friends turned out Sunday afternoon at the funeral of Mrs Wangler; about 25 cars being in the funeral cortege.

Mrs Wm McLeod is said to have undergone a major operation on Wednesday, at an Edmonton hospital.

Trucker Walt. Brox has been hauling baled hay from the Whitlock farm, at Golden Spike.

The Grove's gas supply stations were hard pressed on Sunday and the holiday, to supply the extra large demand for this commodity by travelers.

Mr Dan Brox is making good progress toward recovery from his recent indisposition, and is still under the doctor's care.

Dominion of Canada 1934 Refunding Loan.

Bonds bearing coupons at rates of 2, 2½, 3, 3½ p.c respectively, for periods of 2, 8, 5, 15 years, are offered for public subscription under the terms of the Prospectus of the Dominion of Canada 1934 Refunding Loan, officially announced by Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Minister of Finance.

The bonds will be sold at the following prices—2-yr bonds 98.90, yielding 2.57 p.c; 5-yr. bonds 98.15, yielding 2.90 p.c; 8-yr bonds at 97 yielding 3.43 p.c; 15-yr bonds at 96.50 yielding 3.81 p.c.

The issue is made primarily to provide for the retirement of $222,216,850 Victory Loan bonds maturing Nov. 1; the balance to be used for the general purposes of Canada, including redemption of short-term treasury bills.

Holders of maturing bonds may teoder these in exchange for the new bonds, any maturity. To encourage refunding subscriptions a bonus is given of a half month's interest.

Cash subscriptions will also be received, but will be subject to allotment, for which the tentative date of Oct. 15 has been set.

The 2, 5 and 8 year bonds are noncallable; the 15-yr bonds will be subject to call at option of the Government at par after 10 years.

The principal of the new bonds will be payable at head office and branches of Bank of Canada. This is the first time that the name of new Central Bank appears in official prospectus of a Dominion loan and gives recognition to the function which the new institution will have in acting as fiscal agent of the Dominion.

The amount of the issue is definitely limited to $250,000,000. Subscription lists close on or before Oct. 13, at the discretion of Minister of Finance.

APOLOGY!

OCTOBER 6TH, 1934.

I, F.J. Kohlruss of Edmonton Beach wish to state that I have been confronted with certain statements made by myself concerning Mr. J. A. Barrie of Edmonton Beach. I am now prepared to state that the said statements are utterly false and untrue and were made up by myself. I therefore wish to retract the said statements and apologize for the same. I also authorize the publication of this apology.

Witness:

"GEO. J. BRYAN"

"F. J. KOHLRUSS"

Inga M. D. Poundkeepers.

S.E. 16-53-2-5, A. J. Matthews, Carvel P.O.

N.E. 3-52-3-5, Scott Bell, Duffield P.O.

S.E. 28-51-2-5, Donald McDonald, Brightbank P.O.

N.W. 26-52 1-5, Ph. Litzenberger, Stony Plain P.O.

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